

MEDICAL RESEARCH IN POLAND: OPPORUNITIES FOR COOPERATION



Wojciech Maksymowicz
Professor of neurosurgery
Head of Department of Neurosurgery
Dean of Medical Faculty
University of Warmia and Mazury in
Olsztyn



12 Polish Medical Schools



Polish Governemental Research Medical Institutes

Cancer and ...

Cardio-vascular+rheumatology











Children and mother health







Psychiatry+ Neurology+ Audiology





Public health, food and drug and occupational















Polish Academy of Sciences Division VI Medical Sciences



Mossakowski Medical Research Centre
Polish Academy of Sciences

Warsaw

Institute for Medical BiologyCentre of Excellence in Medical Polish Academy of Sciences Biology

BIOLMED

Łódź

Institute of Pharmacology

Polish Academy of Sciences

Center of Excellence in Neuropsychopharmacology - FRAM

Kraków

INSTYTUT GENETYKI CZŁOWIEKA PAN
w POZNANIU

Poznań

Ludwik Hirszfeld Institute of Immunology and Experimental Therapy

Wrocław

GOVERNEMENTAL PRIORITIES

Nei polistavie art. fia ust. 3 ustavy z dnia 8 października 2004 i. o zasadach Imanisowania reakt (Dz. U. z 2006 r. Nr 169, poz. 1049) opłasza się ustanowania z dniem 30 politokrnika 2008 r. Krajowego Programu štatań Naukowych i Proc Rozwojowych, stanowiącego załączek do Komunikatu.





/KPBNiPR/

Health

- 1. Epidemiology of lifestyle diseases.
- 2. Molecular basis of the diseases. The implementation of molecular biology methods in the diagnosis.
- 3. Nervous system function; diagnosis and treatment of psychiatric and neurological diseases.
- 4. Regenerative medicine (stem cells and ...)
- 5. New technologies in pharmacotherapy

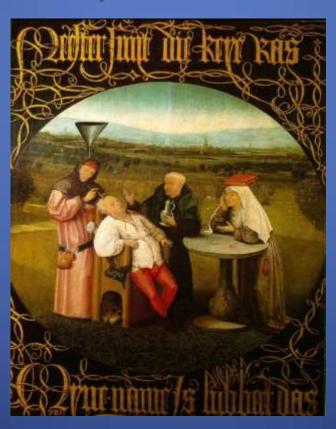
Restorative neurology. Improving function without structural damage.



Electrical stimulation

Stem cells Implantation

Delivery drugs into the CSF spaces and brain



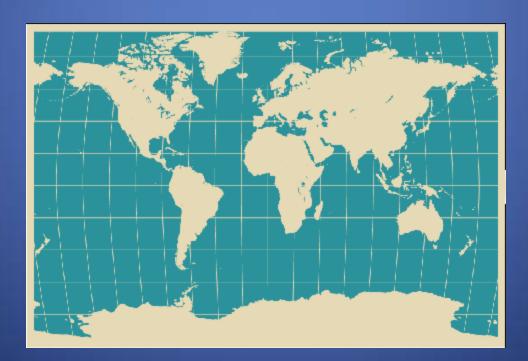
Historic, contemporary and future surgical treatment of refractory epilepsy.



Wojciech S. Maksymowicz

Department of Neurosurgery,
Central Clinical Hospital of Ministry of Internal Affairs and Administration
(MSWiA), Warsaw, Poland

The begining of the research on epilepsy was common for eastern and western world.



```
Caton (1875)
                                Bartley and Newman (1930)
                                Bartley and Newman (1931)
Fleischl von Marxow (1890)
Beck (1890)
                                Travis and Herren (1931)
Danilewsky (1891)
                                Travis and Dorsey (1931)
Gotch and Horsley (1891)
                                Davis and Saul (1931)
Beck and Cybulski (1892)
                                Adrian (1931)
Larinow (1898)
                                Adrian and Buytendijk (1931)
                                Bishop and Bartley (1932)
Trivus (1900)
                                Travis and Dorsey (1932)
Tchiriev (1904)
                                Fischer (1932)
Kaufman (1912)
Prawdicz-Neminski (1913)
                                Kornmüller (1932)
Cybulski and Macieszyna (1919) Perkins (1933)
Prawdicz-Neminski (1925)
                                Bartley (1933)
                                Gerard, Marshall, and Saul (1933)
Berger (1929)
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Polish
Russian
Ukrainian

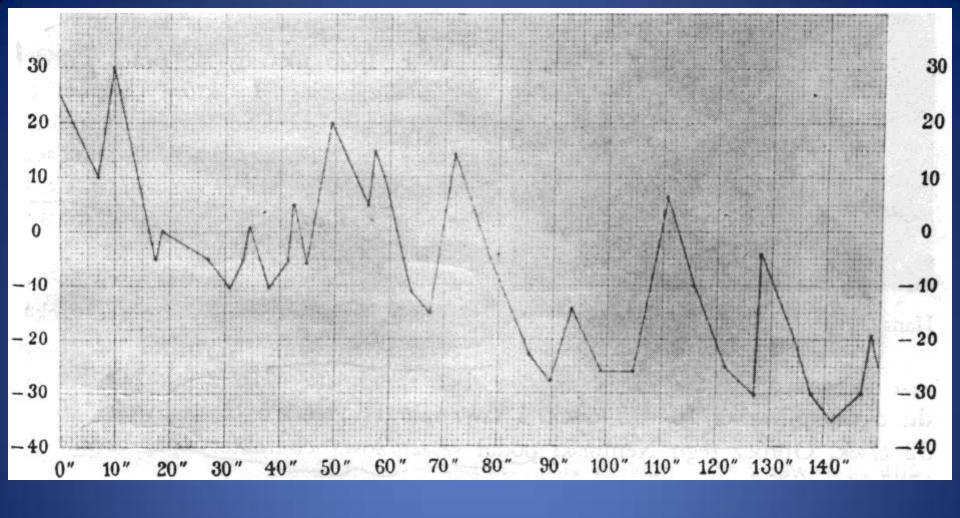
Who discovered and developed EEG before Lord Edgar Douglas Adrian (by Donald B. Lindsley)



Adolf Beck (1863-1942)

Polish neurophysiologist of Jewish origine, professor and rector of Jan Kazimierz University in Lwów. He did not know about Caton's works and undependently discovered the spontaneous electric activity of brain (later known as electroencephalography). Main topics of his scientifical activity: the use of neurophysiology for the localization of brain functions (mainly sensoric). Die Ströme der Nervencentren. Centerblatt für Physiologie, 4:572-573, 1890.

He dramatically decided to suicide in German nazi camp for Jewish people in Janowiec in 1942.



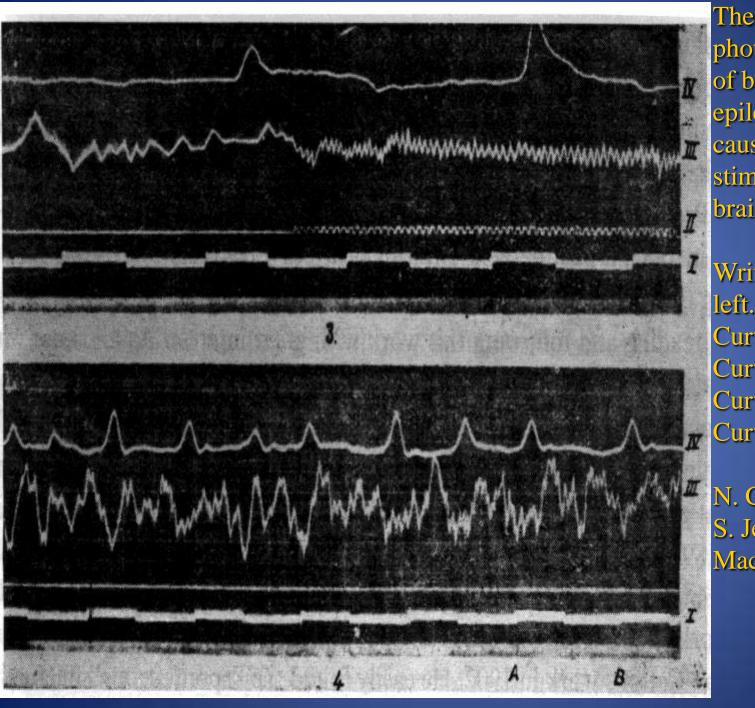
Galvanometric record of brain cortex activity. A. Beck and N. Cybulski (published in Polish journal in 1896r. "Dalsze badania zjawisk elektrycznych w korze mózgowej")



Napoleon Nikodem Cybulski (1854- 1919)

He established the Polish School of Neurophysiology, together with Adolf Beck.

He publicated the first recording of experimental epileptic seizure in dog provocated by cortex stimulation (1914).



The first photographic records of bioelectric epileptic seizure caused by electric stimulation of dog's brain cortex.

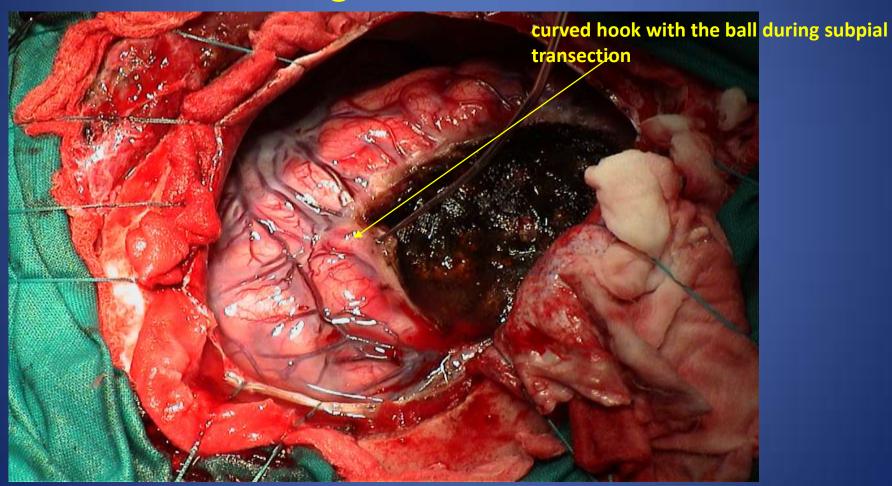
Written from right to

Curve IV- EKG
Curve III -cortex
Curve II - stimulus
Curve I -time

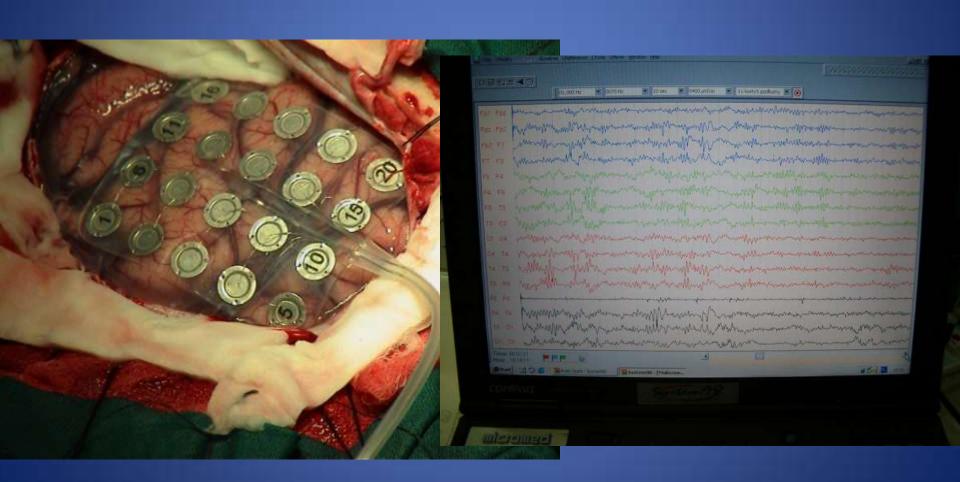
N. Cybulski and S. Jeleńska Macieszyna 1914. Multiple Subpial Transections in the Dep. of Neurosurgery,

Central Clinical Hospital MSWiA, Warsaw

Intraoperative picture. Subpial transection following the brain resection.



Multiple Subpial Transections in the Dep. of Neurosurgery,
Central Clinical Hospital MSWiA, Warsaw
Intraoperative ECoG recording.



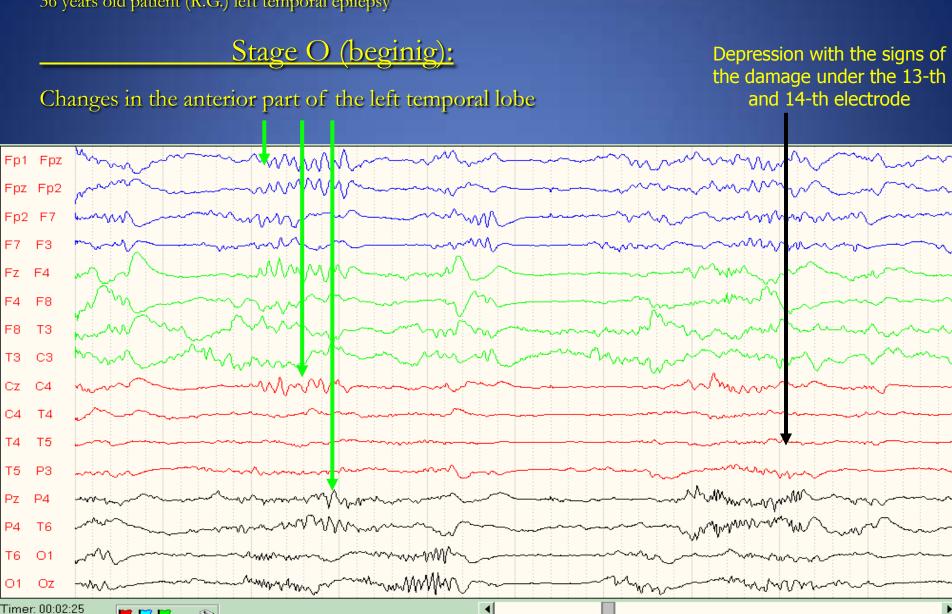
Multiple Subpial Transections in the Dep. of Neurosurgery,

Central Clinical Hospital MSWiA, Warsaw



Monitoring of the ECoG following every MST

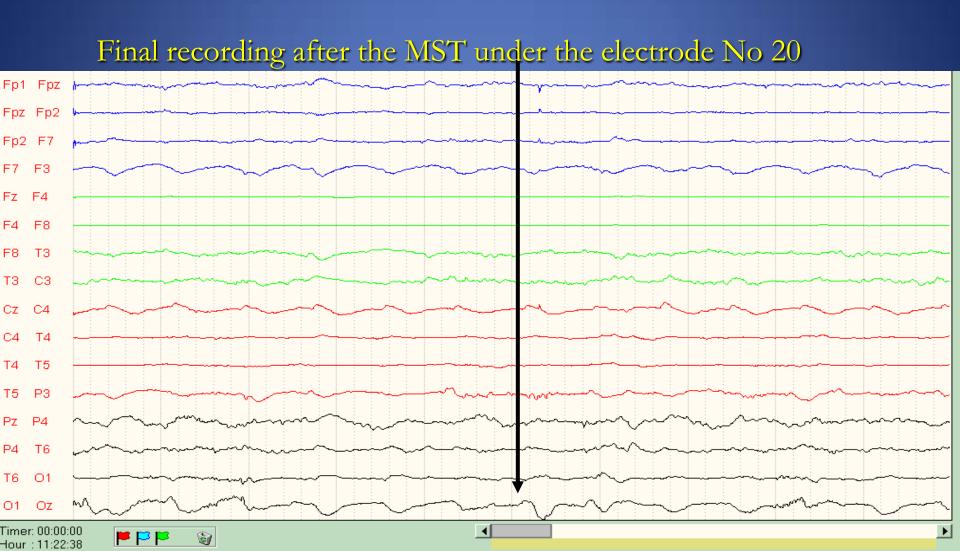
36 years old patient (R.G.) left temporal epilepsy



Monitoring of the ECoG following every MST

Patient R.G.

Stage 3



Electrical Brain Stimulation to Reduce Epileptic Seizures

This study is currently recruiting patients.

Verified by National Institutes of Health Clinical Center (CC) May 2007



Delivery the antyneoplastic and antyepileptic agents into the brain.

"Therapies under development may result in the delivery of AEDs directly to the regions of the brain involved in seizures. Experimental protocols are underway to allow continuous infusion of potent excitatory amino acid antagonists into the CSF. In experiments with animal models of epilepsy, AEDs have been delivered successfully to seizure foci in the brain by programmed infusion pumps, acting in response to computerised EEG seizure detection."

Fisher RS, Ho J

What and how to delivery?





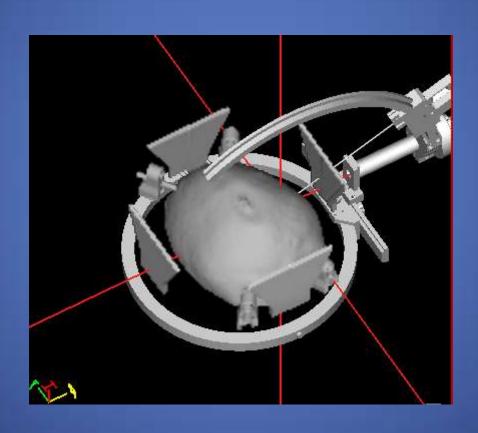
"CONCLUSIONS: This study showed for the first time that epidural AED delivery can prevent, as well as terminate, locally induced neocortical seizures. The findings support the viability of transmeningeal pharmacotherapy for the treatment of intractable neocortical epilepsy."

Epidural pentobarbital delivery can prevent locally induced neocortical seizures in rats: the prospect of transmeningeal pharmacotherapy for intractable focal epilepsy.

<u>Ludvig N, Kuzniecky RI, Baptiste SL, John JE, von</u> <u>Gizycki H, Doyle WK, Devinsky O.</u>

Comprehensive Epilepsy Center, Department of Neurology, New York University School of Medicine, New York Epilepsia. 2006 Nov;47(11):1792-802.

Deep brain stimulation for the treatment of Parkinson disease, pain and Epilepsy



Restorative neurosurgery EPIDURAL SPINAL CORD STIMULATION



Restorative neurosurgery EPIDURAL SPINAL CORD STIMULATION

- Effective spinal cord stimulation (SCS) for evoking stepping movement of paralyzed human lower limbs: study of posterior root muscle reflex responses.
- K. Minassian1, B. Jilge1, F. Rattay1, M.M. Pinter2 F. Gerstenbrand3, H. Binder3, M.R. <u>Dimitrijevic4</u>
- 4. Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX,

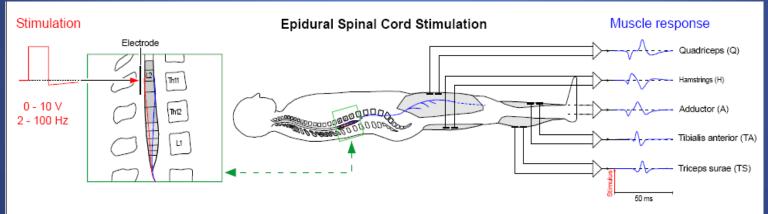


Figure 2. Illustration of the epidural spinal cord stimulation. Left side: longitudinal electrode implanted at lumbar

Maksymowicz W., Bidziński J, Koziarski A., Rakowicz M., Bacia T.: Epidural spinal electric stimulation in spasticity, pain syndromes and peripheral vascular diseases. Proceedings of International Congress on Epidural Spinal Cord Stimulation – Groningen 1989

Cooperation with Neurosurgical Dep. of Cambridge University (U.K.)

- Maksymowicz W., Czosnyka M., Koszewski W., Szymańska A., Traczewski W.: The role of cerebrospinal parameters in the estimation of implanted shunt system in patients with communicating hydrocephalus: preliminary report. W: Matsumoto S., Sato K., Tamaki N., Oi S. (edit.): Annual Review of Hydrocephalus, 1990, 8: 33
- Nelson R., Czosnyka M., Pickard J.D., Maksymowicz W., Perry S., Lovick A.H.: Experimental aspects of cerebrospinal hemodynamics: the relationship between blood flow velocity waveform and cerebral autoregulation. Neurosurgery 1992, 31, 4: 705

ICP analysis in hydrocephalus diagnosis



ICP analysis in hydrocephalus diagnosis

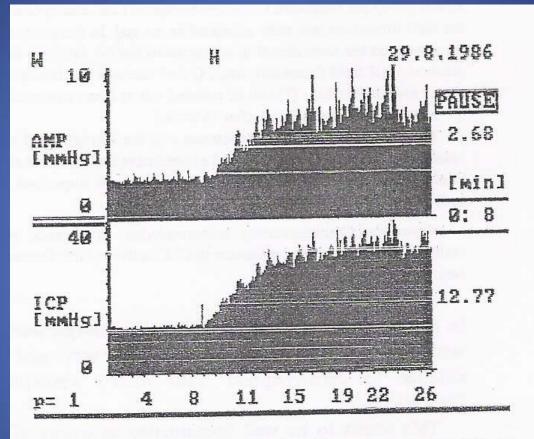
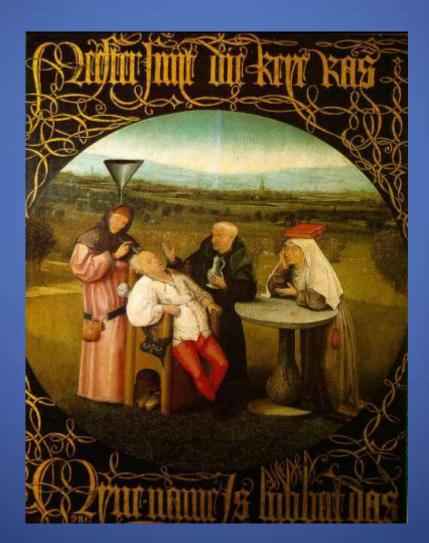


Fig. 1. Time trends of the amplitude of the pulse wave (AMP) and the mean pressure level (ICP) registered during the constant rate infusion test by means of the computer system³. Note the appearance of the "B" waves in the response to the increasing in the ICP level. Common abscissa: time in minutes from the beginning of the registration

INFUSION TEST

It is necessery to begin from the delivery the new ideas to our neurosurgical brain.



Stem cells for neurology and neurosurgery ???

- 1. Is possible the neuronal differentiation of the stem cells?
- 2. Could SC be used for the treatment of injured spinal cord or brain?
- 3. Could SC be used for the treatment of other brain or spine degeneration?
- 4. Could SC be used for the treatment of peripheral nerves injury?
- 5. Could SC be used for the treatment of **brain** tumors?
- 6. Could SC be used for the treatment of degenerated intervertebral discs?

Restorative neurosurgery Warsaw research. Stem cells for neurosurgery

- Habich A., Jurga M., Markiewicz I., Lukomska B., Bany-Laszewicz U., Domanska-Janik K. (2006) Early appearance of stem/progenitor cells with neural-like characteristics in human cord blood mononuclear fraction cultured in vitro. Exp Hematol 34:914-925
- Jurga M., Markiewicz I., Sarnowska A., Habich A., Kozlowska H., Lukomska B., Buzanska L., Domanska-Janik K. (2006) Neurogenic potential of human umbilical cord blood neural-like stem cells depends on their previous long-term culture conditions. J Neuros Res 83:627-637
- Buzanska L., Jurga M., Stachowiak E. K., Stachowiak M. K., Domanska Il Janik K. (2006) Neural stem Ilike cell line derived from nonhematopoietic population of human umbilical cord blood. Stem Cell and Development 15(3):391-406
- Buzanska L., Jurga M., Domanska 🛽 Janik K. (2006)Neuronal differentiation of human umbilical cord blood 🗈 neural stem cell line. Neurodegenerative Diseases 3:19-26

Stem cells for neurosurgery



Voltage-Sensitive and Ligand-Gated Channels in Differentiating Neural Stem-Like Cells Derived from the Nonhematopoietic Fraction of Human Umbilical Cord Blood Wei Sun, Leonora Buzanska, Krystyna Domanska-Janik, Richard J. Salvi and Michal K. Stachowiak

> Stem Cells 2005;23;931-945 DOI: 10.1634/stemcells.2004-0316

This information is current as of August 21, 2007

Stem cells for neurosurgery

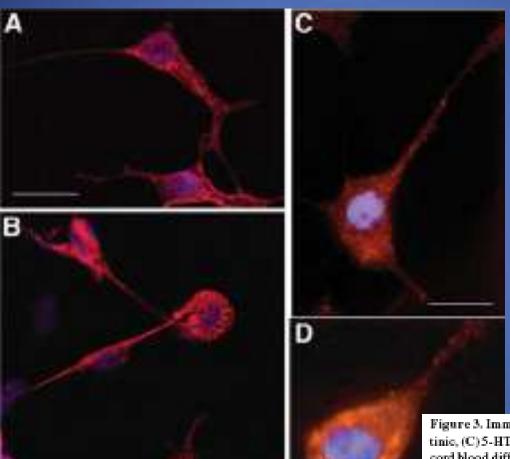
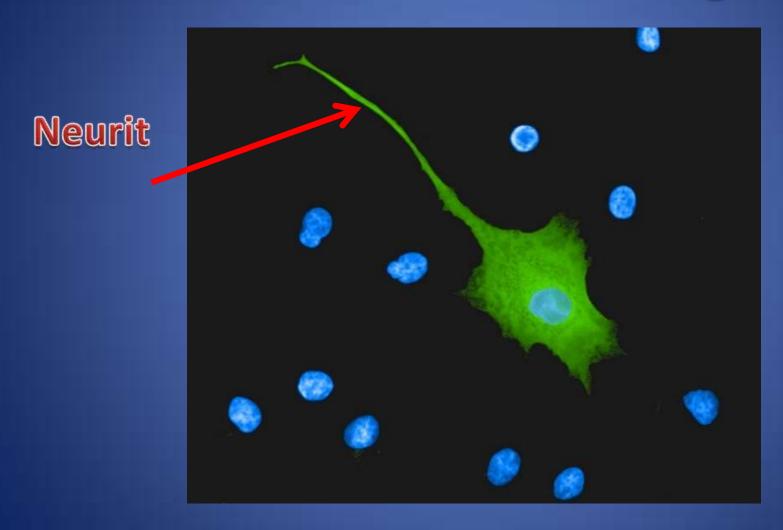


Figure 3. Immunolabeling of (A) glycine, (B) acetylcholine-nicotinic, (C) 5-HT, and (D) D2 dopamine receptors in human umbilical cord blood differentiated neural stem cells. Goat anti-mouse Alexa 555 secondary antibody used to detect acetylcholine and 5-HT receptors; goat anti-rabbit Cy3 used to detect glycine and D2 receptors. Nuclei stained with ToPro-1. Scale bar: $50\,\mu\text{M}$. Abbreviation: 5-HT, 5-hydroxytryptamine.

Stem cells for neurosurgery



Could SC be used for the treatment of injured spinal cord or brain?

Norman Ende MD Capt. Mc USNR (ret)
Professor of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine

Kenneth G. Swan, MD Col. MC USAR (ret) Professor of Surgery/ Trauma

Human Umbilical Cord Blood Treatment of United States Soldiers following Neurological Injury

- I. TBI and Iraq and Afghanistan: the need for treatment
- Infant and fetus display increased ability to heal neurological damage

Could SC be used for the treatment of injured spinal cord or brain?

- III. Evidence that cord blood can produce neurological cells
 - a. InVitro

Buzanska and Jurga have developed a body of literature describing in vitro neuronal differentiation of human umbilical cord blood (Buzanska et al., 2005; Buzanska et al., 2006a; Buzanska et al., 2006b; Jurga et al., 2006a; Jurga et al., 2006b). Mononuclear cells isolated from whole human umbilical cord have been able to develop neural precursors in vitro (Kogler et al., 2004). Interestingly, Sun reports that he can develop neural cells by invitro culture of the nonhematopoietic fraction of human umbilical blood (Sun et al., 2005).

Could SC be used for the treatment of injured spinal cord or brain?



Could SC be used for the treatment of injured spinal cord or brain?

IX. Conclusion

There is solid evidence that cord blood cells can both produce neural cells in vitro and provide protective support following neurological trauma. Furthermore, there is strong evidence that cord blood cell transfusions, frozen or fresh, are safe or safer than blood transfusion from an adult donor.

With the larger number of neurological injured marines and soldier, failure to attempt to improve their recovery via a <u>very safe procedure</u> could be considered a tragedy.

Norman Ende MD Capt. Mc USNR (ret)
Professor of Pathology and Laboratory Medicine

Kenneth G. Swan, MD Col. MC USAR (ret) Professor of Surgery/ Trauma



Could SC be used for the treatment of other brain or spine degeneration?

Stroke

Parkinson disease

Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS)

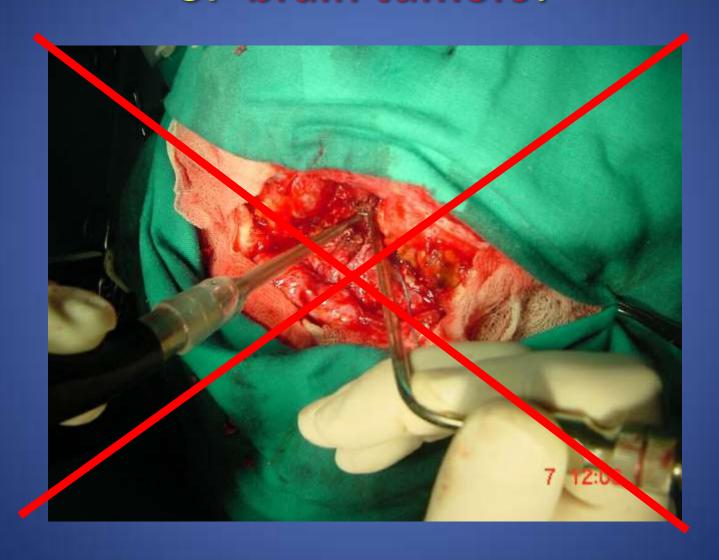
Could SC be used for the treatment of other brain or spine degeneration?

Stroke

H. Kozłowska, J. Jabłonka, M. Janowski, M. Jurga, M. Kossut, K. Domańska-Janik:

"Transplantation of Novel Human Cord Blood-Derived Neural-Like Stem Cell Line in a Rat Model of Cortical Infarct." Stem Cells and Development. 2007, 16(3): 481-488. doi:10.1089/scd.2007.9993.

Could SC be used for the treatment of brain tumors?



Could SC be used for the treatment of malignant brain tumors?

Molecular Cancer

BioMod Cerv

Review

Open Acce

Mismatch repair deficiencies transforming stem cells into cancer stem cells and therapeutic implications Minal Vaish*

Address: Department of Biochemistry, University of Lucknow - 226007, U.P., India

Email: Minal Vaish* - minal 14@yahoo.com

Corresponding author

Published: 2 April 2007

Molecular Concer 2007, 6:26 doi:10.1186/1476-4598-6-26

Received: 20 March 2007 Accepted: 2 April 2007

For the exceptional self-renewal capacity, regulated cell proliferation and differential potential to a wide variety of cell types, the stem cells must maintain the intact genome. The cells under continuous exogenous and endogenous genotoxic stress accumulate DNA errors, drive proliferative expansion and transform into cancer stem cells with a heterogeneous population of tumor cells. These cells are a common phenomenon for the hematological malignancies and solid tumors. In response to DNA damage, the complex cellular mechanisms including cell cycle arrest, transcription induction and DNA repair are activated. The cells when exposed to cytotoxic agents, the apoptosis lead to cell death. However, the absence of repair machinery makes the cells resistant to tumor sensitizing agents and result in malignant transformation. Mismatch repair gene defects are recently identified in hematopoietic malignancies, leukemia and lymphoma cell lines. This review emphasizes the importance of MMR systems in maintaining the stem cell functioning and its therapeutic implications in the eradication of cancer stem cells and differentiated tumor cells as well. The understanding of the biological functions of mismatch repair in the stem cells and its malignant counterparts could help in developing an effective novel therapies leaving residual non-tumorigenic population of cells resulting in potential cancer cures.

Could SC be used for the treatment of malignant brain tumors?

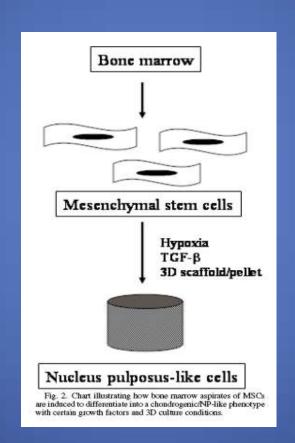
Neural SCs possess robust tropism for infiltrating tumor cells



NSCs can be used to deliver therapeutic agents directly to tumor satellites, with significant therapeutic benefit

Could SC be used for the treatment of degenerated intervertebral discs

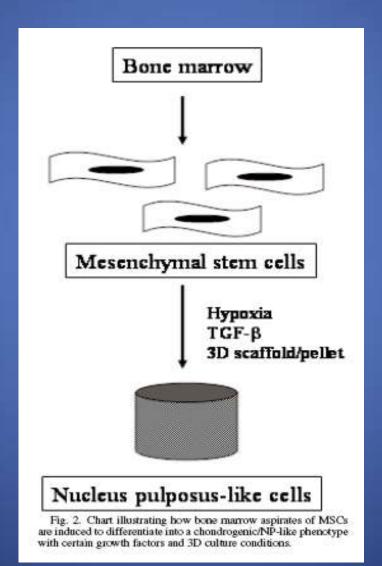






PLDD effect – own material

Could SC be used for the treatment of degenerated intervertebral discs?



Could SC be used for the treatment of degenerated intervertebral discs?



Original way of Stem Cells implantation to the Nucleus Pulposus

Could SC be used for the treatment of degenerated intervertebral discs?



Discographic image – own material

Cardiovascular diseases Transvascular or direct application



SELECTED HEART CELL-THERAPY TRIALS

Trials of bone-marrow cells dominate the field of heart stem-cell therapy. All except the Osiris trial use patients' own cells.

Sponsor	Celltype	Phase	Expected enrolment
Bioheart, Munich, Germany	Skeletal myoblasts	11/111	390
Osiris Therapeutics, Columbia, Maryland	Mesenchymal stem cells	II	220
Cedars-Sinai Medical Center, Los Angeles, California	Cells from heart biopsies	1	30
Ministry of Health, Brazil	Bone-marrow cells	III	300
Johann Wolfgang Goethe University Hospitals, Frankfurt, Germany	Bone-marrow cells	Ш	200
Barts and The London NHS Trust, UK	Bone-marrow cells	11/111	165
Seoul National University Hospital, Korea	Circulating blood cells	11/111	116
Source: clinicaltrials.gov			

Cardiovascular diseases





Joshua Hare, of the University of Miami in Florida, says his team will soon report results from a phase II trial of mesenchymal stem cells, run by Osiris Therapeutics of Columbia, Maryland, showing that the cells both engraft as new cardiomyocytes and help through the paracrine effect.

SCs for the treatment of skin defects



Dr. Maria Michejda important advices.



-Preparation of Fetal SCs for implantation

Ethical advices



GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY MEDICAL GENTER

Dr. M. Michejda (right)
Dr. E. Buda-Okręglak –
president of PAHA (left)

Center for Interdisciplinery Studies of Immunology

Restorative neurosurgery Stem cells for neurosurgery Is possible the neuronal differentiation of the stem cells?



The Warsaw Research Group
Prof. K. Domanska-Janik and the staff
from Polish Academy of Science,
Department of Neurorepair
Warsaw

Groundbreaking research

It's Happening Here. UofL is shaping the future of health sciences research in Louisville. FIND OUT HOW



- Researchers find adult cells that mimic embryonic stem cells
- December 12th, 2005
- Researcher Mariusz Ratajczak director of the stem cell biology
 program at U of Louisville James
 Graham Brown Cancer Center,
 who led the research project.



Multicenter study on Stem Cells coordinatesd by Medical University in Szczecin (prof. Ratajczak)



2009-08-20 (23:54)

NATO Anniversary Celebration in Szczecin at Waly Chrobrego, September 19th–20th Multinational Corps Northeast (MNC NE) with its Headquarters (HQ) located in the Baltic Barracks in Szczecin is a part of the NATO Force Structure.



Hemopoietic Stem Cells Transplantation Ward

> Department of Transplantology

KRAKOW
JAGIELLONIAN
UNIVERSITY

Majka MD, PhD

Stem Cell Excellence Centre







 Assessing the efficacy and safety of using intracoronary autologous bone marrow transplantations in treating patients with early post-infarction left ventricular dysfunction.



University of Varmia and Masuria in Olsztyn Faculty of Medicine

ENGLISH DIVISION

10-082 OLSZTYN, AL. WARSZAWSKA 30, POLAND TEL. +4889 524-53-01, TEL/FAX. +4889 527-70-04

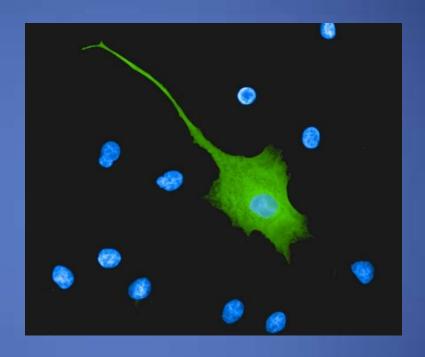
www.uwm.edu.pl/wnm/en





Establishing of the Stem Cells Laboratory (the first cost= 6 mln \$)





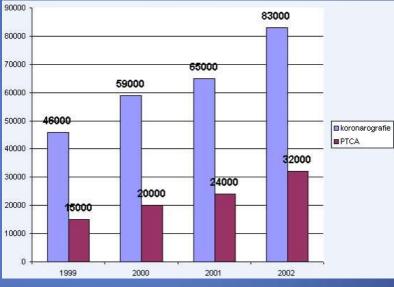
Modern Stem Cells Laboratory

project partly supported by EU



Priorities:

Cardiology



- Neurology (Stroke, Degenerative diseases)
- Oncology



Oncology

Looking for the new drugs against the cancer and use of new technologies in pharmacotherapy

Possible cooperation with the Cancer Centers in Warsaw and Gliwi

and with the MD Anderson **Cancer Center in Houston**





There are only few single rocedures not realised in Poland.

There is lack of the CYBERKNIFE!



Why the Cyberknife?

-Because it is accurate stereoradiosurgery

- Because it is stereoradiosurgery dedicated not only for the brain, but also for the treatment of the lung, spine and abdominal tumors



Oncology







NEW IDEAS CAN BE INTRODUCED IN YOUNG MEDICAL FACULTY OF OUR UNIVERSITY





Nicolaus Copernicus who lived in Olsztyn Castel invited new medical students





Why the first Cyberknife could be located in Olsztyn?
BECAUSE NEW IDEAS CAN BE INTRODUCED IN YOUNG MEDICAL FACULTY OF OUR UNIVERSITY AND THAN SPREAD TO OTHER REGIONS OF THE POLAND!

To promote brain research in Europe and to improve the quality of life of those affected by brain diseases



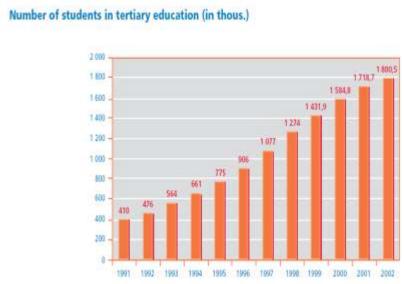
European Parlament

	Total in FP6	6 FP7 first 3 calls	
Brain	260m	381m	
Cancer	485m	265m	
Cardiovascular	124m	111m	



Poland – growing up (1,1%)





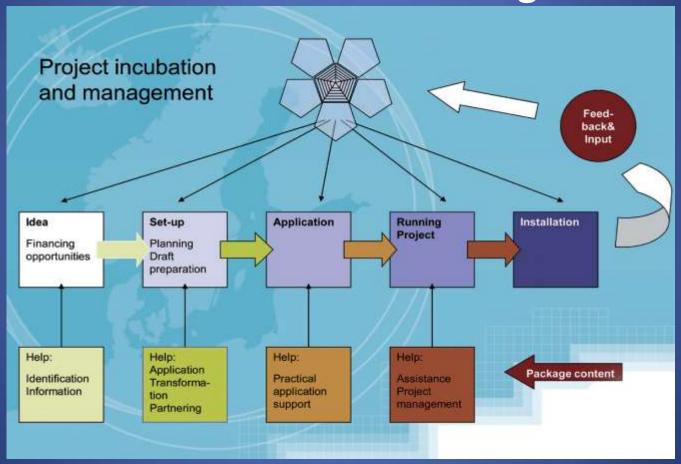








Smart Growth: Bridging Academia and SMEs in the Baltic Sea Region



Organisation of the SMS-BSS module Project Incubation and Management (Prepared by Wolfgang Blank, BioCon Valley, June 2009)

BaltNet

International Baltic Biomedical Research Center
in Olsztyn







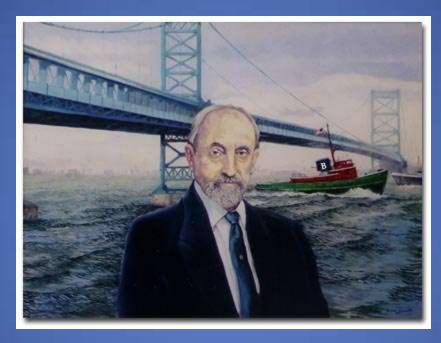
University of Warmia and Mazury in Olsztyn

University of Turku (Finland)

University of Greifswald Germany

Invitation adressed to MD Anderson Cancer Center in Houston

Building the bridges

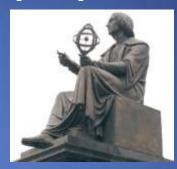


Ralph Modjeski (1861-1940)
Polish Immigrant Becomes Famous
Engineer and Bridge Builder

He was also honored by the Pennsylvania state legislature in 1966 by a resolution citing him as one of America's "greatest inventors".

There are not only symbols







There are needs of cooperation