



KONKURS JĘZYKA ANGIELSKIEGO dla uczniów szkół podstawowych

TEST B

Etap wojewódzki 2018/2019

Kod ucznia:		
Liczba uzyskanych punktów:	/ 90	
Wynik procentowy:	%	

INSTRUKCJA DLA UCZNIA

Przeczytaj uważnie instrukcję i postaraj się prawidłowo rozwiązać wszystkie zadania.

- Przed przystąpieniem do pracy sprawdź czy Twój test jest kompletny. Jeśli zauważysz usterki, zgłoś nauczycielowi.
- Zadania czytaj uważnie i ze zrozumieniem.
- Na napisanie testu i przeniesienie rozwiązań na kartę odpowiedzi (ANSWER SHEET) masz 75 minut.
- Odpowiedzi wpisuj niebieskim lub czarnym długopisem. Odpowiedzi zaznaczone ołówkiem nie będą brane pod uwagę.
- Nie używaj korektora. Jeżeli się pomylisz, przekreśl błędną odpowiedź i obok napisz poprawną.

Powodzenia!

I You are going to read an article about multilingualism. Six sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences B-H the one which fits each gap (1-6). There is ONE extra sentence which you do not need to use. (6 points)

Two languages good, three languages even better
Nine-year-old Naomi Gray is like many British children in that when she gets home from school, she loves to
lose herself in a Harry Potter book. 0A
They have opt ed not to bring up their three children bilingually in French and English, but trilingually, by enrolling them in Brittany's educational system, Diwan, whereby all lessons, bar English and French, are taught in Breton. Around 3,000 children in Brittany are educated via this immersion method that has played an important role in the 0. revival of the Breton language.
Jane admits that the decision was controversial: 'Other British parents said: 'How dare you do that? Don't your children have enough to take on?' 'But she had seen how quickly the girls absorb ed French: 'I felt sure they could take in another language.' The girls' father, Dug, admits to being envious of their abilities. 'After 16 years in France, I'm comfortable with the language, but the kids still pick me up on my pronunciation and grammar mistakes,' he says.
It was once thought that forcing a child to learn more than one language could slow academic development but according to Professor Colin Baker, a world expert on bilingualism , the effect is the opposite. The latest research shows that in intelligence tests, children with two or more well developed languages have higher scores,' he says. 'Bilingual children have two or more words for objects and ideas, so the links between words and concepts are looser, allowing more fluent , flexible and creative thinking.' He adds that children learning languages young also tend to have more confidence and better general communication skills.
Professor Tony Cline is an educational psychologist specialising in language development in children. He says, 'We used to think [the brain] had a limited capacity , like a milk bottle, and that it was impossible to pour two pints of milk into a pint bottle. 3
It seems that by giving your child the option of becoming multilingual, you are offering them far more than just the <u>acquisition</u> of a foreign language. 4 All three are getting top grades at school and are literate in three languages. Naomi has also successfully taken on German, where she is proof that bilingualism increases language-learning <u>aptitude</u> . Says Prof Cline: 'Multilingual children pick up other languages quickly because they have a more flexible approach and are used to handling different forms of syntax, grammar and vocabulary.'
In fact, the girls are all enthusiastic about Breton culture: Naomi does <u>extra-curricular</u> Breton step dancing and loves singing in Breton and attending dance evenings known as fest-noz while Nina takes part in the Breton sport of Gouren, a form of Celtic wrestling. Says Prof Baker: 'Multilingual children gain the <u>benefits</u> of multiple sets of literatures, traditions, ideas, ways of thinking and behaving.'
And, he stresses, if parents have the opportunity to give their child the gift of another language, they should jump at it. 6 'I find it a great shame that languages don't have a higher place in the classroom in the UK because English is a mainstream language of business but, in the future, that is going to change'. *Adapted from Macmillan Exams, Ready for FCE, R. Norris, 2008*

A What makes her different is that she will have chatted to her school friends in French on the bus home, and spent her day with them learning her lessons in Breton.

B The pupils are all fluent in three languages.

C Now we understand that our brains are capable of making an infinite number of connections; there is no limit to what we can take in.

D Naomi is the daughter of Jane and Dug Gray, a translator and stone-mason who live in Finistère, the heart of Celtic Brittany in north-west France.

E Because in today's global marketplace, on top of all the above, multilinguals are far more employable than monolinguals.

F The evidence is that bi- and trilingualism actually increases mental capacity and that multilingual children tend to do better at school.

G Jane thinks her daughters have gained more than just language; they have also gained culturally.

H That certainly seems to be the case for the Gray girls.

II	Match the following definition	s (1-8) with	the words	that are	<u>underlined</u>	in the	article.	There a	re
TE	IREE extra words you do not no	ed to use. (8	points)						

0.	revival the process of becoming active or popular again
1	the process of learning skills or getting knowledge
2	make a choice from a range of possibilities
3	a natural ability or skill
4	admit, often unwillingly, that something is true
5	able to speak a language easily and well
6	the total amount that can be contained or produced
7	wanting something another person has
	not part of the usual school or college course

III Complete the sentences using one verb <u>in the correct form</u> from box A) and one preposition from box B) to make correct phrasal verbs. (7 points)

get / gro	ow / drop / hand / stay / cu	ıt / go / fall	
			_
through /	off / apart / with / over / u	ıp / off / out	7
0. Kate tried calling him last night	but she didn't get throug	<u>h</u> .	-
1. These old shoes are starting to _		completely.	
2. I wouldn't be surprised if the co	mpany	my electricity. I h	naven't paid
the bills for three months.			
3. Don't	too late. Tomorrow's a	school day.	
4. My sister needs to find a blouse	that	her new skirt.	
5. I bought Suzy some new shoes a	a few months ago but she's	already	of
them.			
6. Can you me	at the train station	n on your way back?	
7. I found some money in the stree	t and I it	to the police.	

IV Underline one correct item. (5 points)

- 1. Neither / Both / Either / None of Mozart and Beethoven were great composers.
- 2. However / Despite / Although / No matter what the great danger, we decided to attempt the rescue.
- 3. She won such / so / such a / too much money in the lottery that she bought a mansion.
- 4. That's the girl whom / who / whose / of which brother is a singer.

5. Very few/much/li		· ·	
V Choose the best an)
•	-	people about my job.	
	ke your camera	purpose.	
	l your grades. e gift my husb	and	
	being spoken to like		
· ·	wrong train m		
o. We got on the	wrong trum m	iistake.	
1. a) with	b) for	c) on	d) to
2. a) for	b) on	c) by	d) about
3. a) forward	b) for	c) about	d) to
4. a) around	b) from	c) at	d) through
5. a) to	b) with	c) from	d) on
6. a) on	b) for	c) through	d) by
VI Fill in with the co	rrect question tag. (5	5 points)	
0. Richard went to the	zoo, <u>didn't he</u> ?		
1. Don't drop this vase	,?		
2. Cars pollute the env	ronment,	?	
3. Everybody knew abo	out that,	?	
4. Let's go out for a co			
5. I'm right,	?		
VII Fill in the senten	ces with either MAK	E, DO, TAKE or GET	Γ (sometimes you may need to change
the form of the verb).		,	` , ,
0. Have you <u>made</u> any	· -	w Year's Eve yet?	
1. You shouldn't be me			people's feelings.
2. She such a			
3. I usually ac	lvantage of the fact th	at my friend works in a	a clothes boutique.
4. Everyone	badly on the test yest	erday – the highest gra	de was 68.
5. I need to1			
6. How long does it	you to get read	y in the morning?	
7. Would you be keen to			
8. Can I a sugg	estion? I think you sh	ould cut your hair shor	ter – it'd look great on you!
9. Scientists have	an important disc	covery in the area of gen	netics.
10. I'm studying Englis	sh because I	_ the sack from my job	last month. I need to improve my skills.
VIII Correct the erro	ors in the following s	entences. ONE senten	ce does not have any errors, put a tick
(V) right below it. Wr	ite down only the co	rrected part as shown	in the example 0. below. (6 points)
0. Before the film	n ended, he was eating	g ten packets of crisps.	
	was	eating - had eaten	
1. We had to wai	t for our hotel room b	ecause it was still been	cleaned when we arrived.
2. The sun is ver	y strong. I wish I didn	't leave my sunglasses	in the hotel.
3. If we'd know	about the party, we m	ight've gone.	

4. We were surprised, because we hadn't been told about his accident.
5. It's time I have a holiday. I am so tired that I can't work any longer!
6. Do you like the bracelet? My boyfriend was buying it for me two years ago.
IX Complete the English idioms or proverbs with the missing words. The number of blanks corresponds to the number of letters. (6 points) 0. I let the cat out of the <u>bag</u> about their wedding plans. (wygadać się) 1. I'm really feeling under ther today; I have a terrible cold. (czuć się źle) 2. I thought this no-brand bread would be horrible. It turns out you can't judge a book by itsv (oceniać książkę po okładce) 3. The English test was a piece ofe. (bułka z masłem) 4. A sound i in a sound body. (W zdrowym ciele zdrowy duch)
5. An apple a day p_ the doctor away. (Jedno jabłko dziennie trzyma lekarza z dala ode mnie). 6. A friend in need is a friend d (Prawdziwych przyjaciół poznaje się w biedzie).
 X Complete the following sentences with the appropriate words. (7 points) 0. fewer / less a) There were <u>fewer</u> customers than anticipated. b) I have <u>less</u> patience than Ted.
1. invent / discover a) Did Alexander Fleming penicillin? b) When did she the new computer terminal?
 2. affected / effected a) He the change in the existing system. b) The strike seriously the train service.
3. <i>chance / possibility</i> a) Our team has a good of winning tonight. b) There is always the that the plane will be early.
 4. lay / lie a) I'm very tired; I'll just go and down for a few minutes. b) My father is going to a new carpet in the dining room.
5. <i>lend / borrow</i> a) She was wondering if she could his car to go to the shops? b) He asked me if my husband would him \$5 till Monday.
6. <i>conduct / direct</i> a) Andre Rieu will the Berlin Symphonic Orchestra at the concert. b) It took two policemen to the traffic.
7. raise / rise a) Does the sun in the east or the west?

b) The airline are going t	to the	ir fares again next year.
XI Complete the sente	ences with the verbs	in brackets in infinitive (to + verb) or gerund form (verb
+ing). (5 points)		
0. I don't mindwaiting	$g_{\underline{}}$. I'm not in a hurr	y. (wait)
		late mousse. Maybe his hamster ate it. (eat)
		ft to work tomorrow? (give)
		on holiday with his parents. (go)
		anybody? (not tell)
		hen her boyfriend came in. (talk)
XII Use the word in Ca	APITALS to form a	new word that fits into the blank. (7 points)
0. The simplicity (SIMP	PLE) of the device is	what makes it so popular.
1. The permanent	(5	SHORT) of water makes most of us go crazy.
2. Keep doing some exer	cises and you will im	prove your(STRONG).
3. In order to	(BRO	AD) your shoulders you have to do many push-ups at the gym.
		phone number because I didn't have a pen handy.
		uite large and the rent was very (REASON)
		laying sports. (COMPETE)
		s in CAPITALS. Use between two and five words, including
the word given. Do not	_	
_	_	er about the service. (MAKE)
		nanager about the service.
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		I was looking for something else. (ACROSS)
		accident when I was looking for something else.
		dreds of spam emails. (MORE)
C	0 0	, ,
3. 'You must do your hor		getting hundreds of spam emails.
_		
4. I get bored with people		his homework.
I		
5. I lived in London whe		
		London when I was a child.
	•	her long trip abroad. (LOOKING)
l		my friend again after her long trip abroad.
XIV. Choose the correct a	answer. (6 points)	
1. What is the name of the	first U.S. President?	
a) George Washington	b)Abraham Linco	ln c) John Adams
2. What is England's nation	nal flower?	
a) thistle	b) daffodil	c) rose
-	play can you find the fo	ollowing quotation: "To be or not to be, that is the question."
a) King Lear	b) <i>Hamlet</i>	c) Romeo and Juliet
4. Who wrote <i>Pride and Pride and Pride</i>	=	
a) Jane Austen	b) Emily Bronte	c) Virginia Woolf
5. What's the name of Prin		
a) Prince Christopher	b) Prince Paul	c) Prince George
6. What is the nickname for	•	
a) the tube	b) the metro	c) the subway

ANSWER SHEET

KOD UCZNIA:

	1	T	
I	5.	1. a) - b)	XIV
1.	6.	7 0)	1.
2.	VI	2. a)	2.
3.	1.	– b)	3.
4.	2.	3. a)	4.
5.	3.	– b)	5.
6.	4.	4 a)	6.
II	5.	– b)	
1.	VII	5. a)	
2.	1.	– b)	
3.	2.	6. a)	
4.	3.	– b)	
5.	4.	7. a)	
6.	5.	– b)	
7.	6.	XI	
8.	7.	1.	
Ш	8.	2.	
1.	9.	3.	
2.	10.	4.	
3.	VIII.	5.	
4.	1.	XII	
5.	2.	1.	
6.	3.	2.	
7.	4.	3.	
IV	5.	4.	
1.	6.	5.	
2.	IX	6.	
3.	1.	7.	
4.	2.	XIII	
5.	3.	1.	
V	4.	2.	
1.	5.	3.	
2.	6.	4.	
3.	X	5.	
4.		6.	
	1	1	